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Material World: Crash Course Kids #40.1 ~~Inspect An Insect~~ *Prokaryotic vs. Eukaryotic Cells (Updated)* ~~The Attachment Theory: How Childhood Affects Life~~ ~~Living and Nonliving Things for Kids: Life Science for Children - FreeSchool~~ *What Do Alien Civilizations Look Like? The Kardashev Scale*

The Fermi Paradox — Where Are All The Aliens? (1/2)*How to Spot the 9 Traits of Borderline Personality Disorder* **10 Ways to Manipulate a Narcissist | (Keeping the Peace with a Narcissist)** *Why is biodiversity so important? - Kim Preshoff How the food you eat affects your brain - Mia Nacamulli Understanding Ecosystems for Kids: Producers, Consumers, Decomposers - FreeSchool* Former FBI Agent Explains Criminal Profiling | Tradecraft | WIRED An Interview with a Sociopath (Antisocial Personality Disorder and Bipolar) ~~Noah's Ark and the Flood: Science Confirms the Bible - August 8, 2019~~ ~~All About Birds for Children: Animal Learning for Kids - FreeSchool~~ **The Law of Attraction Explained** ~~DNA Structure and Replication: Crash Course Biology #10~~

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Science Spot Clification Of Life

Get the latest science stories from CNET every week. "Check out this patch of rock I found: looks kind of like garden pavers, and is probably exposed bedrock," NASA tweeted along with a GIF of the ...

Mars Perseverance rover investigates 'garden pavers' patch of rocks

It could be a milestone on the path to detecting life on other planets ... won't fit the right hand as well as it fits the left. In science, this property is referred to as chirality.

Scientists detect signatures of life remotely

While we're busy digging around in the dry dust of Mars and the atmosphere of Venus looking for signs of microbes, Saturnian moon Enceladus is sending out plumes that shout, "Hey, humans, I might be a ...

Methane mystery on Saturn's icy moon Enceladus: Could it be a sign of life?

Robots may have to dig relatively deep on Jupiter's icy moon Europa to have a shot of finding signs of life, a new study suggests. Scientists think Europa harbors a huge ocean of liquid water beneath ...

A lander on Jupiter's icy moon Europa may have to dig at least 1 foot down to find signs of life

If any aliens are searching for other intelligent life, they could spot us using the same trick. Now, scientists have identified 1,715 star systems whose hypothetical inhabitants could have seen ...

Any aliens orbiting these 2,000 stars could spot Earth crossing the sun

People in Fremont and Custer counties might spot a low-flying helicopter in the skies this summer. The aircraft flies with a single data-collecting instrument attached to the bottom, extending forward ...

Spot A Low-Flying Helicopter In The Skies Over Fremont And Custer Counties? Don't Worry, It's For Science

"This study puts strong constraints on the parameter space for complex life, so unfortunately it appears that the 'sweet spot' for hosting ... Tereza is a London-based science and technology ...

None of the alien planets we know of could sustain life as we know it, study finds

Policies and regulations will need to follow suit to ensure maximum efficiency for the roll out of this new carbon neutral world. These changes, in such a short time span, will be heavily money ...

Hydrogen unapologetically becoming the new norm in APAC; region races to reach hydrogen economy top spot

Did they miss their chance to spot signs of an evolving biosphere on this pale blue dot? And what will life on Earth even look like when the TRAPPIST-1 worlds have their chance to find our planet?

Astronomers identify the stars where any aliens would have a view of Earth

With the aim of merging science education with entertainment so as to encourage a scientific temperament, the objective of the Science City has been to focus on informal community-based learning .

Explained: Aquatic, robotics galleries at Ahmedabad's Science City

Less colorful, cooler wings may be advantageous to dragonflies in a warmer world. But the change could mess with the insects’ mating.

Climate change may rob male dragonfly wings of their dark spots
Once a segregation-era swimming spot for Black residents, Belmont Beach finds new life as a pop-up park built by the Haughville community.

Once one of the few places Black residents could swim in Indy, Belmont Beach finds new life as pop-up park
Jul 05, 2021 (The Expresswire) -- "Final Report will add the analysis of the impact of COVID-19 on this industry" “Life Science Microscopes Market” ...

Life Science Microscopes Market: Recent Study including Growth Factors, Applications, Regional Analysis, Key Players and Forecast to 2026
According to a paper in today’s Science, these neurons fire when a monkey views a face ... be personally tailored to include pictures of people a person knows in real life, she said. Besides face ...

Next Time You Spot That Familiar Face, Thank Your Temporal Pole
“I’ve made it to my next lookout, overlooking a spot we’re calling ‘Séítah,’” the rover’s official account tweeted just now. “It’s an area of dunes with some good science targets ...

NASA’s Mars Rover Just Reached a New Area and It’s Beautiful
"We are starting to see more companies graduate from incubator space and establish their own presence in New York City," a CBRE broker on the deal said. "Immunai’s lease speaks directly to this trend.

Biotech firm Immunai takes lab, office space at Alexandria Center for Life Science
Last year, as social-distancing emptied out office buildings and damped investor interest in malls and hotels, life science building sales and refinancing totaled about $25 billion, up from ...

The $10 billion bright spot in the battered world of office real estate
Humanaut is launching a multimedia campaign for supplements brand Garden of Life®, the leader in science-based formulas made from clean, traceable ...

Humanaut and Garden of Life® Probiotics Ad Gets Censored for Having Women Give the Scoop on Poop
“I think this has been a revelation,” said David J Stevenson, a professor of planetary science at the California ... understanding of the Great Red Spot, showing that the iconic giant storm ...

Mushballs and a great blue spot: what lies beneath Jupiter’s pretty clouds
The nighttime dance party Mixers and Elixirs will return to the Houston Museum of Natural Science on July 17 ... buying tickets online to ensure a spot since there is limited capacity this ...

What is computational intelligence (CI)? Traditionally, CI is understood as a collection of methods from the ?elds of neural networks (NN), fuzzy logic and evolutionary computation. Various de?nitions and opinions exist, but what belongs to CI is still being debated; see, e.g., [1–3]. More recently there has been a proposal to de?ne the CI not in terms of the tools but in terms of challenging problems to be solved [4]. With this edited volume I have made an attempt to give a representative sample of contemporary CI activities in automotive applications to illustrate the state of the art. While CI researchand achievements in some specialized ?elds described (see, e.g., [5, 6]), this is the ?rst volume of its kind dedicated to automotive technology. As if re?ecting the general lack of consensus on what constitutes the ?eld of CI, this volume 1 illustrates automotive applications of not only neural and fuzzy computations which are considered to be the “standard” CI topics, but also others, such as decision trees, graphicalmodels, Support Vector Machines (SVM), multi-agent systems, etc. This book is neither an introductory text, nor a comprehensive overview of all CI research in this area. Hopefully, as a broad and representative sample of CI activities in automotive applications, it will be worth reading for both professionals and students. When the details appear insu?cient, the reader is encouraged to consult other relevant sources provided by the chapter authors.

Mammalian social systems--Zoos. Appendices and indexes.

#1 NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER • “The story of modern medicine and bioethics—and, indeed, race relations—is refracted beautifully, and movingly.”—Entertainment Weekly NOW A MAJOR MOTION PICTURE FROM HBO® STARRING OPRAH WINFREY AND ROSE BYRNE • ONE OF THE “MOST INFLUENTIAL” (CNN), “DEFINING” (LITHUB), AND “BEST” (THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER) BOOKS OF THE DECADE • ONE OF ESSENCE’S 50 MOST IMPACTFUL BLACK BOOKS OF THE PAST 50 YEARS • WINNER OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE HEARTLAND PRIZE FOR NONFICTION NAMED ONE OF THE BEST BOOKS OF THE YEAR BY The New York Times Book Review • Entertainment Weekly • O: The Oprah Magazine • NPR • Financial Times • New York • Independent (U.K.) • Times (U.K.) • Publishers Weekly • Library Journal • Kirkus Reviews • Booklist • Globe and Mail Her name was Henrietta Lacks, but scientists know her as HeLa. She was a poor Southern tobacco farmer who worked the same land as her slave ancestors, yet her cells—taken without her knowledge—became one of the most important tools in medicine: The first

“immortal” human cells grown in culture, which are still alive today, though she has been dead for more than sixty years. HeLa cells were vital for developing the polio vaccine; uncovered secrets of cancer, viruses, and the atom bomb’s effects; helped lead to important advances like in vitro fertilization, cloning, and gene mapping; and have been bought and sold by the billions. Yet Henrietta Lacks remains virtually unknown, buried in an unmarked grave. Henrietta’s family did not learn of her “immortality” until more than twenty years after her death, when scientists investigating HeLa began using her husband and children in research without informed consent. And though the cells had launched a multimillion-dollar industry that sells human biological materials, her family never saw any of the profits. As Rebecca Skloot so brilliantly shows, the story of the Lacks family—past and present—is inextricably connected to the dark history of experimentation on African Americans, the birth of bioethics, and the legal battles over whether we control the stuff we are made of. Over the decade it took to uncover this story, Rebecca became enmeshed in the lives of the Lacks family—especially Henrietta’s daughter Deborah. Deborah was consumed with questions: Had scientists cloned her mother? Had they killed her to harvest her cells? And if her mother was so important to medicine, why couldn’t her children afford health insurance? Intimate in feeling, astonishing in scope, and impossible to put down, The Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks captures the beauty and drama of scientific discovery, as well as its human consequences.

This volume contains the papers selected for presentation at the 10th International Conference on Rough Sets, Fuzzy Sets, Data Mining, and Granular Computing, RSFDGrC 2005, organized at the University of Regina, August 31st–September 3rd, 2005.

A “must-read” (The Washington Post) funny and practical guide to help you find, build, and keep the relationship of your dreams. Have you ever looked around and wondered, “Why has everyone found love except me?” You’re not the only one. Great relationships don’t just appear in our lives—they’re the culmination of a series of decisions, including whom to date, how to end it with the wrong person, and when to commit to the right one. But our brains often get in the way. We make poor decisions, which thwart us on our quest to find lasting love. Drawing from years of research, behavioral scientist turned dating coach Logan Ury reveals the hidden forces that cause those mistakes. But awareness on its own doesn’t lead to results. You have to actually change your behavior. Ury shows you how. This “simple-to-use guide” (Lori Gottlieb, New York Times bestselling author of Maybe You Should Talk to Someone) focuses on a different decision in each chapter, incorporating insights from behavioral science, original research, and real-life stories. You’ll learn: -What’s holding you back in dating (and how to break the pattern) -What really matters in a long-term partner (and what really doesn’t) -How to overcome the perils of online dating (and make the apps work for you) -How to meet more people in real life (while doing activities you love) -How to make dates fun again (so they stop feeling like job interviews) -Why “the spark” is a myth (but you’ll find love anyway) This “data-driven” (Time), step-by-step guide to relationships, complete with hands-on exercises, is designed to transform your life. How to Not Die Alone will help you find, build, and keep the relationship of your dreams.

Classification Made Relevant explains how classifications and ontologies are designed, and how they are used to analyze scientific information. It is through our description of the relationships among classes of objects that we are able to simplify knowledge and explore the ways in which individual classified objects behave. The book begins by describing the fundamentals of classification and leads up to a description of how computer scientists use object-oriented programming languages to model classifications and ontologies. Numerous examples are chosen from the Classification of Life, the Periodic Table of the Elements, and the symmetry relationships contained within the Classification Theorem of Finite Simple Groups. When these three classifications are tied together, they provide a relational hierarchy connecting all of the natural sciences. This book is intended to reach a multidisciplinary audience of students and professionals working in the data sciences, the library sciences, and all of the STEM sciences. The chapters introduce and describe general concepts that can be understood by any intelligent reader. With each new concept, there follow practical examples selected from various scientific disciplines. In these cases, technical points and specialized vocabulary are linked to glossary items, where the item is clarified and expanded. Technical terms in the data sciences often have different meanings, depending on the reader's specific discipline. The word “ontology has so many meanings, it has become meaningless. Skeptics can google on the word “ontology to quickly confirm the inchoate status of this subject. In such cases, the glossary describes the different way the term has been used and will clarify its meaning within the book's context. For the benefit of computer scientists, the glossary contains short scripts written in Perl or Python or Ruby. Non-programmers will be spared from reading computer code, without missing out on the concepts covered in each chapter. By using the glossary links, every reader experiences a version of this book tailored to their personal needs and preferences. Explains the theory and the practice of classification. Emphasizes the importance of classifications and ontologies to the modern fields of mathematics, physics, chemistry, biology, and medicine. Includes numerous real-world examples demonstrating how bad construction technique can destroy the value of classifications and ontologies Explains how we define and understand the relationships among the classes within a classification, and how the properties of a class are inherited by its subclasses. Describes ontologies, and how they differ from classifications. Explains those conditions under which ontologies are useful. Explains how statements of meaning are properly expressed as triples. Shows how triples can be specified by popular semantic languages. Explains how triplestores (large collections of triples) can be usefully linked to classifications and ontologies. Demonstrates how classifications, ontologies, and triplestores are modeled by modern object-oriented languages.